

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA

RICHARD ALAN STARR,)	
)	
Plaintiff,)	
vs.)	No. 1:11-cv-0598-TWP-MJD
)	
STEVEN B. GELLER,)	
)	
Defendant.)	

Entry and Order Directing Dismissal of Action

I.

The plaintiff-s request to proceed *in forma pauperis* (dkt 2) is **granted**.

II.

Because the plaintiff has been granted leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*, his complaint is subject to dismissal pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B). This statute requires that the complaint be dismissed if it fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. *Id.* Pursuant to this statute, "[a] complaint is subject to dismissal for failure to state a claim if the allegations, taken as true, show that plaintiff is not entitled to relief." *Jones v. Bock*, 127 S. Ct. 910, 921 (2007).

Plaintiff Richard Starr seeks compensatory and punitive damages and unspecified injunctive relief from defendant Steven B. Geller. Starr alleges:

[P]laintiffs vindication of his Civil Rights that have left him (male victim) unvindicated for violations of gender bias motivated crimes of violence.

...

A Aclass based® invidiously discriminatory animus is behind the conspiritors [sic] action as the court records reflect. That the actions were clearly a product of bias and prejudice of the court.

Starr then lists without elaboration various docket numbers and states: AThese Judges through their private conduct in conspiracy with lawyer defendants caused the court to effectuate Plaintiff to >compulsory involuntary servitude.-@

The sufficiency of a complaint is governed by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 8(a). *Rodriguez v. Plymouth Ambulance Serv.*, 577 F.3d 816, 821 (7th Cir. 2009). "A complaint must always . . . allege 'enough facts to state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face.'" *Limestone Development Corp. v. Village of Lemont, Ill.*, 520 F.3d 797, 803 (7th Cir. 2008)(quoting *Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 570 (2007)).

It has been noted that "dismissal of a complaint on the ground that it is unintelligible is unexceptionable." *Davis v. Ruby Foods, Inc.*, 269 F.3d 818, 820 (7th Cir. 2001). Starr-s complaint is unintelligible, rendering it subject to dismissal pursuant to 28 U.S.C. ' 1915(e)(2)(B).

III.

Judgment consistent with this Entry shall now issue.

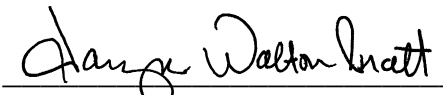
IT IS SO ORDERED.

06/17/2011

Date: _____

Distribution:

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Hon. Tanya Walton Pratt, Judge
United States District Court
Southern District of Indiana